Carolinas Traumatic Brain Injury Rehabilitation & Research System



# Post-traumatic Fatigue

Fatigue is one of the most common problems encountered after a traumatic brain injury (TBI). People experiencing fatigue often lack the physical and/or mental energy needed for daily activities.

ARE
YOU....
Tired?
Worn out?
Exhausted?

### What Causes Fatigue?

Fatigue may result from multiple causes including medical problems, medications, increased physical and cognitive demands, emotional stress and decreased endurance. Some medical conditions are known to cause or increase fatigue. For example:

- Depression
- Seasonal allergies
- Sleep deprivation
- Neuroendocrine dysfunction (e.g. thyroid, diabetes, growth hormone, sex hormones, electrolyte deficiency)
- Respiratory or cardiac problems
- Headaches
- Inactivity
- Vitamin deficiency
- Stress/over-commitment

### **Medications Can Cause Fatigue**

Medications commonly used after TBI that may cause or increase fatigue include:

- Clonidine
- Beta Blockers
- Phenytoin (Dilantin)
- Phenobarbital
- Lorazepam
- Muscle Relaxers
- Pain Medications
- Metoclopramide (Reglan)
- Promethazine (Phenergan)

### Can Medication Help?

Medications that may reduce fatige include:

- Amantadine
- Methylphenidate
- Modafinil



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# Ideas to Reduce Fatigue

#### **Observe Your Situation**

- Recognize what triggers or improves your fatigue
- Learn to identify the early signs of your fatigue

#### Maintain a Healthy Lifestyle

- Get off the couch
- Stop smoking
- Exercise daily
- Eat a healthy diet
- Establish a regular sleep pattern

### **Improve Time Management**

- Plan and follow a daily schedule
- Prioritize activities
- Get stressful or difficult things done first
- Avoid over-scheduling
- Stop activity before becoming tired

#### **Increase Stamina**

- Develop strategies to conserve energy - plan regular rest breaks, group similar activities together
- Pace yourself to gradually resume your schedule
- Use adaptive equipment if needed
- Engage in regular aerobic exercise

#### Talk to Your Doctor

- Discuss medical and/or physical problems that may be causing the fatigue
- Review all current medications
- Consider treatment for depression if present
- Test for neuroendocrine deficiencies

### Would you like to tell us your story?

Everyone's experience with fatigue is different. If you want to share your story with us, please send a **brief description of your experience with fatigue**. Include the cause and year of the TBI and your relationship to the person with TBI (self, spouse, friend, etc), the impact of fatigue, and the strategies or medications that have helped.

## The *Heads Up* newsletter is free!

Contact us to request a newsletter, provide change of address or to submit article ideas.

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Our mission: *Improve TBI care and outcomes through research, education and services.* 

The staff of *Heads Up* welcome your comments!

Flora Hammond, MD, Director of Research Carolinas Rehabilitation 1100 Blythe Blyd.

Phone: 704-355-1502 Toll free: 877-962-7246 Fax: 704-355-9480

Charlotte, NC 28203

crresearch@carolinashealthcare.org